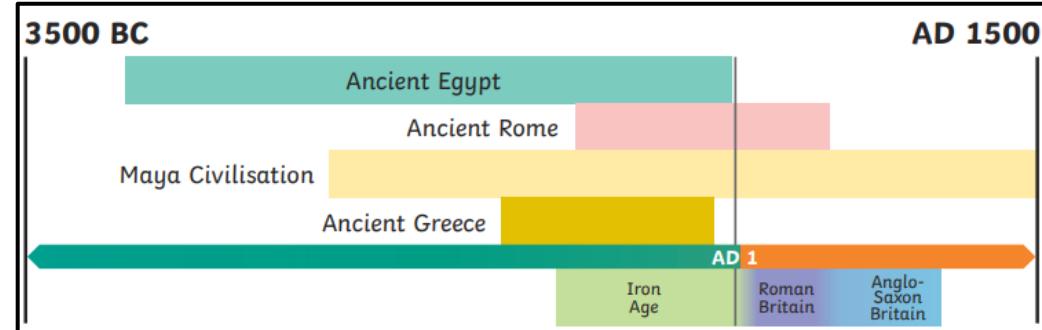


# Romans and Roman Britain

History is the study of the past, in particular the changes over time that have occurred within human society.

|                |   |
|----------------|---|
| Invaade        | To go somewhere with an army to try to take over.               |
| Legionaries    | Well-trained Ancient Roman Soldiers.                            |
| Rebellion      | When people rise up against those who are ruling them.          |
| Client Ruler   | A king or queen who promised to obey the Ancient Roman Emperor. |
| Hypocaust      | An Ancient Roman underfloor heating system.                     |
| Hadrian's Wall | The northernmost border of the Ancient Roman Empire.            |
| Romano-British | The time when the Romans ruled over Britain.                    |

The first Romans lived in Italy nearly 3000 years ago. They founded the city of Rome in 753 BC and, over the centuries, conquered many lands to create a huge empire.



## Queen Boudica

The Romans seized the land and wealth of the Iceni tribe after King Prasutagus died. Queen Boudicca objected and she led a rebellion against the Romans. At first, her army was very successful but in the Battle of Watling Street, the Roman army finally defeated Boudicca and the Celts. Many people were killed in the rebellion.



## Hadrian's Wall in AD 122

In AD 122, Emperor Hadrian gave an order to build a wall in the north of the country. Roman legions had tried to conquer Caledonia (Scotland), but the Picts would not give up their lands and they also raided land that the Romans controlled. Hadrian's Wall took around six years to build and it was 73 miles long. Around 15,000 troops lived at Hadrian's Wall so they could defend this northern border of the Roman Empire.

