Holy Cross Primary Catholic Voluntary Academy - The Kingdom of Benin History is the study of the past, in particular the changes over time that have occurred within human society.					
Key Events		Timeline			
AD 900	The kingdom begins to develop and boundaries are established around the region called Igodomigodo in what is now Nigeria.	0 AD 2000 Benin Kingdom			
AD 1100	The last Ogiso of Igodomigodo, Owodo, dies and there is nobody to rule.	Anglo-Saxon Britain Benin City			
AD 1180	Eweka becomes the new ruler and changes the name Igodomigodo to Edo. He calls himself the Oba.	Religion The people of Edo's beliefs were centred			
AD 1300- 1700	The 'golden age' of Edo . It has a large, powerful army and skilled craftspeople.	around a creator god named Osanobua and his many children.			
AD 1489	The Edo people begin trading with the Portuguese, who call the place 'Benin'.	People believed that, after death, Osanobua would decide their fate. They would either be reincarnated			
AD 1553	The first British ships arrive in Benin. Britain becomes one of the main countries involved in the inhumane practice of buying and selling enslaved people as if they were property. The British forcibly transport enslaved people to the Americas and are keen to gain more control in this area of Africa.	as another person or would join the spirit world. Spirits would live in villages together, watching the behaviour of their families and punishing bad behaviour.			
		Ceremonies were led by an ohen and were intended to make the Oba seem powerful and great, as well and snakes were among the			
AD 1897	The British enter Benin City without permission. Fighting breaks out (the 'Benin Massacre') and only two British officers survive. As punishment, the British launch the 'Benin Punitive Expedition' and destroy Benin City, stealing many treasures. The Oba is exiled and the British colonise Benin.	as to worship the gods. Ceremonies sometimes involved human sacrifices. Usually criminals or prisoners were sacrificed, although there is evidence of other sacrifices, such as women found at the bottom of wells, dressed in fine clothes.			

Key Vocabulary		Brass Heads		
Ogiso	The title used by the early rulers of Igodomigodo. It means 'kings of the sky'. It is thought that there were around 31 Ogiso rulers.	The people of Edo believed that the head was the most important part of a person, where the intelligence was found. When an important person died, artists would make a head of that person. Obas' heads, and those of gods or goddesses, were made from brass. People believed that the person's spirit could be contacted through the brass head. Artists made their work only for the Oba and he rewarded them with gifts.		
Οbα	The title used by Eweka and subsequent rulers. Eweka was from the <mark>Yoruba</mark> people and Oba is the			
	Yoruba word for 'king'.	Artefacts from the Benin Kingdom	A CAL	
Edo	The name given to the kingdom of Igodomigodo by Oba Eweka. The people also became known as the <mark>Edo</mark> people.	Masks were made for use in ritual ceremonies and represented a link to the spiritual world. This mask of Queen Idia, who was the mother of Oba		
Yoruba	The name of the people from the holy city of Ife. The histories of the <mark>Edo</mark> and <mark>Yoruba</mark> people are closely linked.	carvings showing skilled craftsmanship.	This double bell or Egogo, was used by the Oba to scare away evil spirits	
ohen	A priest who performed religious ceremonies.			
animists	People who believe that humans, animals and objects all have souls or spirits.		during religious ceremonies and acts of worship. It is believed to be from the 16 th century and it features	
brass	A yellowy metal made of a mixture of copper and zinc.		intricate carvings showing the Oba and his followers.	