










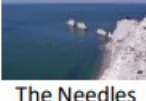




Cities of the UK

Geography is the study of places and the relationships between people and their environments


Characteristics of the UK			
Landmarks		Physical Features	
			
Canterbury Cathedral	Stonehenge	River Severn	Ben Nevis
			
Angel of the North	Clifton Suspension Bridge	Lake District	White Cliffs of Dover
			
Roman Baths	Edinburgh Castle	Land's End	The Needles

Largest cities of the UK (by population)*	
City Region	Approximate population
Greater London	8,674,000
West Midlands	2,834,000
Greater	2,756,000
West Yorkshire	2,282,000
North East	1,957,000
Glasgow	1,804,000
Liverpool	1,525,000
Cardiff	1,505,000
Sheffield	1,375,000
Edinburgh	1,350,000



The regions of England:



Country	Flag	Capital City
England		London
Wales		Cardiff
Scotland		Edinburgh
Northern Ireland		Belfast

Vocabulary

cartographer	somebody who draws and produces maps
city	a large town . London is a city .
coastal	an area of land close to the sea
compass points	any of the main points of a compass: north, south, east, west, north-east, north-west, south-east, south-west
country	an area of land that is controlled by its own government.
county	a region of Britain or Ireland which has its own local government
human features	features of land that have been impacted by human activity
landmark	a building or feature which is easily recognised
landscape	everything you can see when you look across an area of land, including hills, rivers, buildings, trees, and plants.
physical features	natural features of land
population	all the people who live in a country or area
rural	places that are far away from large towns or cities
topographical	the physical features of an area of land, for example its hills, valleys, and rivers
urban	belonging to, or relating to, a town or city