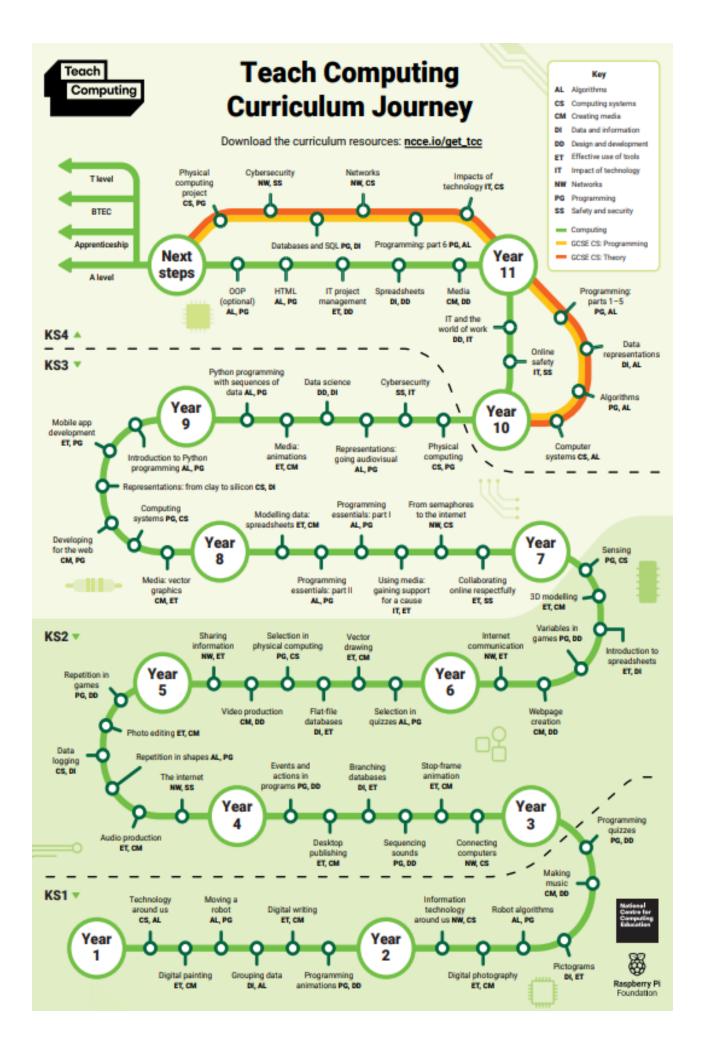
NC Ob	jectives
Key stage 1 Pupils should be taught to:	Key stage 2 Pupils should be taught to:
 understand what algorithms are; how they are implemented as programs on digital devices; and that programs execute by following precise and unambiguous instructions create and debug simple programs use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs use technology purposefully to create, organise, store, manipulate and retrieve digital content recognise common uses of information technology beyond school use technology safely and respectfully, keeping personal information private; identify where to go for help and support when they have concerns about content or contact on the internet or other online technologies. 	 design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts use sequence, selection, and repetition in programs; work with variables and various forms of input and output use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs understand computer networks including the internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the world wide web; and the opportunities they offer for communication and collaboration use search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital content select, use and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting data and information use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly; recognise acceptable/unacceptable behaviour; identify a range of ways to report concerns about content and contact.

	Computing Long Term Overview					
	Advent 1	Advent 2	<u>Lent 1</u>	Lent 2	Pentecost 1	Pentecost 2
<u>Year 1</u>	Programming A - Moving a robot (NCCE)		Programming B - Introc (NCCE)	uction to animation	Creating media - Digita (NCCE)	l Painting/Writing
	(Computing systems and networks – Technology around us (NCCE) taught cross-curricular and demonstrated through computer use in other modules and discussions. Data and information – Grouping data (NCCE) taught cross-curricular through Science and Maths lessons.)					puter use in other
<u>Year 2</u>					troduction to quizzes	
	(Computing systems and networks – Technology around us (NCCE) taught cross-curricular and demonstrated through computer use in other modules and discussions. Data and information – Pictograms (NCCE) taught cross-curricular through Maths lessons.					puter use in other

Year 3	Computing systems	Creating media –		Creating media –	Programming B – Even	ts and actions (NCCE)
	and networks –	animation (NCCE)		desktop publishing		
	connecting			(NCCE)		
	computers (NCCE)					
	(Data and information	 branching databases ca 	n be taught cross-curricu	lar through Science.)		
Year 4	Computer systems	Creating media –	Programming A – Repe	tition in shapes (NCCE)	Programming B – Repe	etition in games (NCCE)
	and networks – the	photo editing (NCCE)				
	Internet (NCCE)					
	(Creating media – audi	o editing (NCCE) taught c	ross-curricular to create a	a podcast demonstrating	knowledge learned in or	ne of the
	Geography/History uni	ts.				
<u>Year 5</u>	Computer systems	Creating media -	Data and information –	Flat-file databases	Programming A –	Programming B –
	and networks –	Vector drawing	(NCCE)		selection in physical	selection in quizzes
	sharing information	(NCCE)			computing (NCCE)	(NCCE)
	(NCCE)					
	(Creating media – vide	o editing (NCCE) taught ci	cross-curricular to create a video demonstrating knowledge learned in one of the			of the
	Geography/History uni	ts.)				
<u>Year 6</u>	Computer systems and	networks –	Data and information	Programming A –		Programming B –
	communication / Creat	ing media – Web page	 Spreadsheets 	Variables in games		Sensing (NCCE)
	creation (NCCE)		(NCCE)	(NCCE)		



<u>Year 1</u>

<u>Term/Unit</u>	Advent 1/2	<u>Lent 1/2</u>	Pentecost 1/2
	Programming A - Moving a robot (NCCE)	Programming B - Introduction to animation (NCCE)	<u>Creating media - Digital Painting/Writing</u> (NCCE)
Lesson 1 objectives	To explain what a given command will do	Lesson 1: To choose a command for a given purpose	To use the shape tool and the line tools
	 I can match a command to an outcome I can predict the outcome of a command on a device I can run a command on a device 	 I can compare different programming tools I can find which commands move a sprite I can use commands to move a sprite 	 I can make marks with the square and line tools I can use the shape and line tools effectively I can use the shape and line tools to recreate the work of an artist
Lesson 2 objectives	To act out a given word - I can follow an instruction - I can give directions - I can recall words that can be acted out	To show that a series of commands can be joined together - I can run my program - I can use a start block in a program - I can use more than one block by joining them together	To make careful choices when painting a digital picture - I can choose appropriate shapes - I can create a picture in the style of an artist - I can make appropriate colour choices
Lesson 3 objectives	To combine forwards and backwards commands to make a sequence - I can compare forwards and backwards movements - I can predict the outcome of a sequence involving forwards and backwards commands - I can start a sequence from the same place	To identify the effect of changing a value - I can change the value - I can find blocks which have numbers - I can say what happens when I change a value	To use a computer on my own to paint a picture - I can change the colour and brush sizes - I can make dots of colour on the page - I can use dots of colour to create a picture in the style of an artist on my own
Lesson 4 objectives	To combine four direction commands to make sequences	To explain that each sprite has its own instructions - I can add blocks to each of my sprites - I can delete a sprite	To use a computer to write

	 I can compare left and right turns I can experiment with turn and move commands to move a robot I can predict the outcome of a sequence involving up to four commands 	- I can show that a project can include more than one sprite	 I can identify and find keys on a keyboard I can open a word processor I can recognise keys on a keyboard I can enter text into a computer I can use backspace to remove text I can use letter, number, and space keys I can explain what the keys that I have learnt about already do I can identify the toolbar and use bold, italic, and underline I can type capital letters
Lesson 5 objectives	To plan a simple program - I can choose the order of commands in a sequence - I can debug my program - I can explain what my program should do	To design the parts of a project - I can choose appropriate artwork for my project - I can create an algorithm for each sprite - I can decide how each sprite will move	To explain why I used the tools that I chose - I can choose appropriate paint tools and colours to recreate the work of an artist - I can say which tools were helpful and why - I know that different paint tools do different jobs - I can decide if my changes have improved my writing - I can say what tool I used to change the text - I can use 'undo' to remove changes
Lesson 6 objectives	To find more than one solution to a problem - I can identify several possible solutions - I can plan two programs - I can use two different programs to get to the same place	To use my algorithm to create a program - I can add programming blocks based on my algorithm - I can test the programs I have created - I can use sprites which match my design	To compare writing/creating a picture on a computer with writing on paper - I can compare using a computer with using a pencil and paper - I can say which method I like best - I can write a message on a computer and on paper

			 I can explain that pictures can be made in lots of different ways I can say whether I prefer painting using a computer or using paper I can spot the differences between painting on a computer and on paper
Progression	As this is a Year 1 unit, no prior knowledge is assumed. This unit progresses learners' knowledge and understanding of giving and following instructions. It moves from giving instructions to each other to giving instructions to a robot by programming it.	This unit progresses learners' knowledge and understanding of programming and follows on from 'Programming A – Moving a robot', where children will have learned to program a floor robot using instructions.	Learners should be familiar with: • How to switch their device on • Usernames • Passwords This unit progresses the learners' knowledge and understanding of using computers to create and manipulate digital content, focussing on using a word processor. The learners will develop their ability to find and use the keys on a keyboard in order to create digital content. The learners are then introduced to manipulating the resulting text, making cosmetic changes, and justifying their reason for making these changes. Following this unit, learners will further develop their digital writing skills in the Year 3 – 'Desktop publishing' unit and the Year 6 – 'Web page development' unit.

<u>Curriculum</u>	National curriculum links	National curriculum links	National curriculum links
<u>links</u>	- Understand what algorithms are, how they	- Understand what algorithms are, how they are	
	are implemented as programs on digital	implemented as programs on digital devices, and that	KS1 Computing
	devices, and that programs execute by	programs execute by following precise and	- Use technology purposefully to create,
	following precise and unambiguous	unambiguous instructions	organise, store, manipulate, and retrieve digital
	instructions	- Create and debug simple programs	content
	- Create and debug simple programs	- Use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of	KS1 Art and Design
	- Use logical reasoning to predict the	simple programs	Pupils should be taught:
	behaviour of simple programs		- To develop a wide range of art and design
	- Recognise common uses of information		techniques in using colour, pattern, texture,
	technology beyond school		line, shape, form, and space
			- About the work of a range of artists, craft
			makers, and designers, describing the
			differences and similarities between different
			practices and disciplines and making links to
			their own work
			National curriculum links
			- Use technology purposefully to create,
			organise, store, manipulate, and retrieve digital
			content
			- Use technology safely and respectfully,
			keeping personal information private
			Further national curriculum links
			English – writing (Y1)
			Write sentences by:
			- saying out loud what they are going to write
			about
			- composing a sentence orally before writing it
			- sequencing sentences to form short
			narratives

	 re-reading what they have written to check that it makes sense
	Education for a Connected World links Privacy and security - I can give reasons why I should only share information with people I choose to and can trust. (Y1)

<u>Year 2</u>

Term/Unit	<u>Advent 1</u> <u>Creating media –</u> <u>Digital photography</u> <u>(NCCE)</u>	<u>Advent 2</u> <u>Creating media –</u> <u>Digital music (NCCE)</u>	Lent 1/2 Programming A – Robot algorithms (NCCE)	Pentecost 1/2 Programming B – An introduction to quizzes (NCCE)
Lesson 1 objectives	To use a digital device to take a photograph - I can recognise what devices can be used to take photographs - I can talk about how to take a photograph - I can explain what I did to capture a digital photo	To say how music can make us feel - I can identify simple differences in pieces of music - I can describe music using adjectives - I can say what I do and don't like about a piece of music	To describe a series of instructions as a sequence - I can follow instructions given by someone else - I can choose a series of words that can be acted out as a sequence - I can give clear instructions	To explain that a sequence of commands has a start - I can identify the start of a sequence - I can identify that a program needs to be started - I can show how to run my program

Lesson 2 objectives	To make choices when taking a photograph - I can explain the process of taking a good photograph - I can take photos in both landscape and portrait format	To identify that there are patterns in music - I can create a rhythm pattern - I can play an instrument following a rhythm pattern - I can explain that music is created and played by humans	To explain what happens when we change the order of instructions - I can use the same instructions to create different algorithms - I can use an algorithm to program a sequence on a floor robot - I can show the difference in outcomes between two sequences that consist of the same instructions	To explain that a sequence of commands has an outcome - I can predict the outcome of a sequence of commands - I can match two sequences with the same outcome - I can change the outcome of a sequence of commands
Lesson 3 objectives	 I can explain why a photo looks better in portrait or landscape format To describe what makes a good photograph I can identify what is wrong with a photograph I can discuss how to 	To experiment with sound using a computer - I can connect images with sounds - I can use a computer to experiment with	To use logical reasoning to predict the outcome of a program - I can follow a sequence - I can predict the outcome of a sequence -I can compare my prediction to the program outcome	To create a program using a given design - I can work out the actions of a sprite in an algorithm - I can decide which blocks to use to meet the design - I can build the sequences of blocks I need
Laure 4	take a good photograph - I can improve a photograph by retaking it	pitch - I can relate an idea to a piece of music		
Lesson 4 objectives	To decide how photographs can be improved	To use a computer to create a musical pattern	To explain that programming projects can have code and artwork - I can explain the choices that I made for my mat design	To change a given design - I can choose backgrounds for the design - I can choose characters for the design

	 I can explore the effect that light has on a photo I can experiment with different light sources I can explain why a picture may be unclear 	 I can identify that music is a sequence of notes I can explain how my music can be played in different ways I can refine my musical pattern on a computer 	- I can identify different routes around my mat - I can test my mat to make sure that it is usable	- I can create a program based on the new design
Lesson 5 objectives	To use tools to change an image - I can recognise that images can be changed - I can use a tool to achieve a desired effect - I can explain my choices	To create music for a purpose - I can create a rhythm which represents an animal I've chosen - I can create my animal's rhythm on a computer - I can add a sequence of notes to my rhythm	To design an algorithm - I can explain what my algorithm should achieve - I can create an algorithm to meet my goal - I can use my algorithm to create a program	To create a program using my own design - I can choose the images for my own design - I can create an algorithm - I can build sequences of blocks to match my design
<u>Lesson 6</u>	To recognise that photos can be changed - I can apply a range of photography skills to capture a photo - I can recognise which photos have been changed - I can identify which photos are real and	To review and refine our computer work - I can review my work - I can explain how I changed my work - I can listen to music and describe how it makes me feel	To create and debug a program that I have written - I can test and debug each part of the program - I can plan algorithms for different parts of a task - I can put together the different parts of my program	To decide how my project can be improved - I can compare my project to my design - I can improve my project by adding features - I can debug my program

	which have been		
	changed		
Progression		In advance of the lessons in this Year 2 unit, learners should have had some experience of creating short programs using floor robots and predicting the outcome of a simple program. This unit progresses learners' knowledge and understanding of algorithms and how they are implemented as programs on digital devices. Learners will spend time looking at how the order of commands affects outcomes. Learners will use this knowledge and logical reasoning to trace programs and predict outcomes.	This unit progresses learners' knowledge and understanding of instructions in sequences and the use of logical reasoning to predict outcomes.
<u>Curriculum</u> <u>links</u>		National curriculum links - Understand what algorithms are, how they are implemented as programs on digital devices, and that programs execute by following precise and unambiguous instructions - Create and debug simple programs - Use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs	National curriculum links - Understand what algorithms are; how they are implemented as programs on digital devices; and that programs execute by following precise and unambiguous instructions - Create and debug simple programs - Use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs - Use technology purposefully to create, organise, store, manipulate and retrieve digital content

<u>Year 3</u>

Term/Unit	Advent 1	Advent 2	<u>Lent 1 / 2</u>	Pentecost 1/2
		<u>Creating media – Stop-frame animation</u>	<u>Creating media – desktop publishing</u>	Programming B – Events and actions
		<u>(NCCE)</u>	<u>(NCCE)</u>	<u>(NCCE)</u>

Lesson 1 objectives	Computing systems and networks – connecting computers (NCCE) To explain how digital devices function - I can explain that digital devices accept inputs - I can explain that digital devices produce outputs - I can follow a process	To explain that animation is a sequence of drawings or photographs - I can draw a sequence of pictures - I can create an effective flip book—style animation - I can explain how an animation/flip book works	To recognise how text and images convey information - I can explain the difference between text and images - I can recognise that text and images can communicate messages clearly - I can identify the advantages and disadvantages of using text and images	To explain how a sprite moves in an existing project - I can explain the relationship between an event and an action - I can choose which keys to use for actions and explain my choices - I can identify a way to improve a program
Lesson 2 objectives	To identify input and output devices - I can classify input and output devices - I can describe a simple process - I can design a digital device	To relate animated movement with a sequence of images - I can predict what an animation will look like - I can explain why little changes are needed for each frame - I can create an effective stop-frame animation	To recognise that text and layout can be edited - I can change font style, size, and colours for a given purpose - I can edit text - I can explain that text can be changed to communicate more clearly	To create a program to move a sprite in four directions - I can choose a character for my project - I can choose a suitable size for a character in a maze I can program movement
Lesson 3 objectives	To recognise how digital devices can change the way that we work - I can explain how I use digital devices for different activities - I can recognise similarities between using digital devices and using non-digital tools	To plan an animation - I can break down a story into settings, characters and events - I can describe an animation that is achievable on screen - I can create a storyboard	To choose appropriate page settings - I can explain what 'page orientation' means - I can recognise placeholders and say why they are important - I can create a template for a particular purpose	To adapt a program to a new context - I can use a programming extension - I can consider the real world when making design choices - I can choose blocks to set up my program

Lesson 4 objectives	 I can suggest differences between using digital devices and using non- digital tools To explain how a computer network can be used to share information -I can recognise different connections - I can explain how messages are passed through multiple connections - I can discuss why we need a network switch 	To identify the need to work consistently and carefully - I can use onion skinning to help me make small changes between frames - I can review a sequence of frames to check my work - I can evaluate the quality of my animation	To add content to a desktop publishing publication - I can choose the best locations for my content - I can paste text and images to create a magazine cover - I can make changes to content after I've added it	To develop my program by adding features - I can identify additional features (from a given set of blocks) - I can choose suitable keys to turn on additional features - I can build more sequences of commands to make my design work
Lesson 5 objectives	 need a network switch To explore how digital devices can be connected I can recognise that a computer network is made up of a number of devices I can demonstrate how information can be passed between devices I can explain the role of a switch, server, and wireless access point in a network 	To review and improve an animation - I can explain ways to make my animation better - I can evaluate another learner's animation - I can improve my animation based on feedback	To consider how different layouts can suit different purposes - I can identify different layouts - I can match a layout to a purpose - I can choose a suitable layout for a given purpose	To identify and fix bugs in a program - I can test a program against a given design - I can match a piece of code to an outcome - I can modify a program using a design
Lesson 6 objectives	To recognise the physical components of a network	To evaluate the impact of adding other media to an animation	To consider the benefits of desktop publishing	To design and create a maze-based challenge

	 I can identify how devices in a network are connected together I can identify networked devices around me I can identify the benefits of computer networks 	 I can add other media to my animation I can explain why I added other media to my animation I can evaluate my final film 	 I can identify the uses of desktop publishing in the real world I can say why desktop publishing might be helpful I can compare work made on desktop publishing to work created by hand 	 I can make design choices and justify them I can implement my design I can evaluate my project
<u>Progression</u>	This unit progresses learners' knowledge and understanding of technology by focusing on digital and non-digital devices, and introducing the concept of computers connected together as a network. Following this unit, learners will explore the internet as a network of networks.	This unit progresses students' knowledge and understanding of using digital devices to create media, exploring how they can create stop-frame animations. Following this unit, learners will further develop their video editing skills in Year 5.	This unit progresses learners' knowledge and understanding of using digital devices to combine text and images building on work from the following units; Digital Writing Year 1, Digital painting Year 1, and Digital Photography Year 2.	This unit assumes that learners will have some prior experience of programming. The key stage 1 National Centre for Computing Education units focus on floor robots and ScratchJr, however experience of other languages or environments may also be useful.

<u>Curriculum</u>	National curriculum links	National curriculum computing links	National curriculum links	National curriculum links
<u>links</u>		Computing	Computing	- Design, write and debug programs
	Computing - use sequence, selection, and repetition in programs; work with variables and various forms of input and output - understand computer networks including the internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the World Wide Web; and the opportunities they offer for communication and collaboration - select, use and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting data and information Maths (Lesson 1)	 Select, use and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting data and information use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly; recognise acceptable/unacceptable behaviour; identify a range of ways to report concerns about content and contact. Further national curriculum links Literacy links Pupils should be taught to: draft and write by: in narratives, creating settings, characters and plot Pupils should be taught to: proof-read for spelling and punctuation errors 	 Use search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital content Select, use, and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems, and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating, and presenting data and information English programmes of study links Pupils should be taught to draft and write by: in non-narrative material, using simple organisational devices [for example, headings and subheadings] Evaluate and edit by assessing the effectiveness of their own and others' writing and suggesting improvements Proofread for spelling and punctuation errors Education for a Connected World links Managing online information I can use key phrases in search engines I can use search technologies effectively 	that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts - Use sequence, selection, and repetition in programs; work with variables and various forms of input and output - Use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs - Select, use and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting data and information

- Number and place value:	Copyright and ownership
solve number problems	- When searching on the internet for
and practical problems	content to use, I can explain why I need
involving these ideas.	to consider who owns it and whether I
	have the right to reuse it
Art (Lesson 3)	- I can demonstrate the use of search
- to improve their mastery	tools to find and access online content
of art and design	which can be reused by others
techniques, including	
drawing, painting and	
sculpture with a range of	
materials [for example,	
pencil, charcoal, paint,	
clay]	

<u>Year 4</u>

Term/Unit	Advent 1	Advent 2	Lent 1 / 2	Pentecost 1 / 2
	<u>Computer systems and networks –</u>	<u>Creating media – photo editing (NCCE)</u>	Programming A – Repetition in	Programming B – Repetition in
	the Internet (NCCE)		shapes (NCCE)	games (NCCE)
Lesson 1	To describe how networks physically	To explain that the composition of	To identify that accuracy in	To develop the use of count-
objectives	connect to other networks	digital images can be changed	programming is important	controlled loops in a different
				programming environment
	- I can describe the internet as a	- I can improve an image by rotating it	- I can program a computer by	
	network of networks	- I can explain why I might crop an	typing commands	- I can list an everyday task as a
	- I can demonstrate how information	image	- I can explain the effect of	set of instructions including
	is shared across the internet	- I can use photo editing software to	changing a value of a command	repetition
	 I can discuss why a network needs protecting 	crop an image	- I can create a code snippet for a	- I can predict the outcome of a
	protecting		given purpose	snippet of code
				- I can modify a snippet of code to
				create a given outcome

Lesson 2 objectives	To recognise how networked devices make up the internet - I can describe networked devices and how they connect - I can explain that the internet is used to provide many services - I can recognise that the World Wide Web contains websites and web pages	To explain that colours can be changed in digital images - I can explain that different colour effects make you think and feel different things - I can experiment with different colour effects - I can explain why I chose certain colour effects	To create a program in a text- based language - I can use a template to draw what I want my program to do - I can write an algorithm to produce a given outcome - I can test my algorithm in a text- based language	To explain that in programming there are infinite loops and count- controlled loops - I can modify loops to produce a given outcome - I can choose when to use a count-controlled and an infinite loop - I can recognise that some programming languages enable more than one process to be run at once
Lesson 3 objectives	To outline how websites can be shared via the World Wide Web (WWW) - I can explain the types of media that can be shared on the WWW - I can describe where websites are stored when uploaded to the WWW - I can describe how to access websites on the WWW	To explain how cloning can be used in photo editing - I can add to the composition of an image by cloning - I can identify how a photo edit can be improved - I can remove parts of an image using cloning	To explain what 'repeat' means - I can identify repetition in everyday tasks - I can identify patterns in a sequence - I can use a count-controlled loop to produce a given outcome	To develop a design that includes two or more loops which run at the same time - I can choose which action will be repeated for each object - I can explain what the outcome of the repeated action should be - I can evaluate the effectiveness of the repeated sequences used in my program
Lesson 4 objectives	To describe how content can be added and accessed on the World Wide Web (WWW) - I can explain what media can be found on websites - I can recognise that I can add content to the WWW - I can explain that internet services can be used to create content online	To explain that images can be combined - I can experiment with tools to select and copy part of an image - I can use a range of tools to copy between images - I can explain why photos might be edited	To modify a count-controlled loop to produce a given outcome - I can identify the effect of changing the number of times a task is repeated - I can predict the outcome of a program containing a count- controlled loop	To modify an infinite loop in a given program - I can identify which parts of a loop can be changed - I can explain the effect of my changes - I can re-use existing code snippets on new sprites

Lesson 5 objectives	To recognise how the content of the WWW is created by people - I can explain that websites and their content are created by people - I can suggest who owns the content on websites - I can explain that there are rules to protect content	To combine images for a purpose - I can describe the image I want to create - I can choose suitable images for my project - I can create a project that is a combination of other images	 I can choose which values to change in a loop To decompose a task into small steps I can identify 'chunks' of actions in the real world I can use a procedure in a program I can explain that a computer can repeatedly call a procedure 	To design a project that includes repetition - can evaluate the use of repetition in a project - I can select key parts of a given project to use in my own design - I can develop my own design explaining what my project will do
Lesson 6 objectives	To evaluate the consequences of unreliable content - I can explain that not everything on the World Wide Web is true - I can explain why some information I find online may not be honest, accurate, or legal - I can explain why I need to think carefully before I share or reshare content	To evaluate how changes can improve an image - I can review images against a given criteria - I can use feedback to guide making changes - I can combine text and my image to complete the project	To create a program that uses count-controlled loops to produce a given outcome - I can design a program that includes count-controlled loops - I can make use of my design to write a program - I can develop my program by debugging it	To create a project that includes repetition - I can refine the algorithm in my design - I can build a program that follows my design - I can evaluate the steps I followed when building my project
<u>Progression</u>	This unit progresses students' knowledge and understanding of networks in Year 3. In Year 5, they will continue to develop their knowledge and understanding of computing systems and online collaborative working.	This unit progresses students' knowledge and understanding of digital photography and using digital devices to create media. Following this unit, learners will further develop their image editing skills in Year 5 – Vector drawing.	This unit progresses students' knowledge and understanding of programming. It progresses from the sequence of commands in a program to using count- controlled loops. Pupils will create algorithms and then implement those algorithms as code.	This unit assumes that learners will have some prior experience of programming. The KS1 NCCE units cover floor robots and ScratchJr, and Scratch is introduced in the Year 3 programming units. However, experience of other languages or environments may also be useful.

<u>Curriculum</u>	Computing	Computing national curriculum links	National curriculum links	National curriculum links
<u>links</u>	- Understand computer networks	- Select, use, and combine a variety of	- Design, write and debug	- Design, write, and debug
	including the internet; how they can	software (including internet services) on	programs that accomplish specific	programs that accomplish specific
	provide multiple services, such as the	a range of digital devices to design and	goals, including controlling or	goals, including controlling or
	World Wide Web, and the	create a range of programs, systems,	simulating physical systems; solve	simulating physical systems; solve
	opportunities they offer for	and content that accomplish given	problems by decomposing them	problems by decomposing them
	communication and collaboration	goals, including collecting, analysing,	into smaller parts	into smaller parts
	- Use search technologies effectively,	evaluating, and presenting data and	- Use sequence, selection, and	- Use sequence, selection, and
	appreciate how results are selected	information	repetition in programs; work with	repetition in programs; work with
	and ranked, and be discerning in	- Use technology safely, respectfully,	variables and various forms of	variables and various forms of
	evaluating digital content	and responsibly; recognise	input and output	input and output
	- Select, use, and combine a variety of	acceptable/unacceptable behaviour;	- Use logical reasoning to explain	- Use logical reasoning to explain
	software (including internet services)	identify a range of ways to report	how some simple algorithms	how some simple algorithms
	on a range of digital devices to design	concerns about content and contact	work and to detect and correct	work, and to detect and correct
	and create a range of programs,		errors in algorithms and programs	errors in algorithms and programs
	systems, and content that accomplish	Education for a Connected World links	- Select, use and combine a	- Select, use and combine a
	given goals, including collecting,	Self-image and identity	variety of software (including	variety of software (including
	analysing, evaluating, and presenting	- I can describe ways in which people	internet services) on a range of	internet services) on a range of
	data and information	might make themselves look different	digital devices to design and	digital devices to design and
	- Use technology safely, respectfully,	online	create a range of programs,	create a range of programs,
	and responsibly; recognise		systems and content that	systems and content that
	acceptable/unacceptable behaviour;		accomplish given goals, including	accomplish given goals, including
	identify a range of ways to report		collecting, analysing, evaluating	collecting, analysing, evaluating
	concerns about content and contact.		and presenting data and	and presenting data and
			information	information
	PSHE (Lesson 6)			
	- Evaluating content for honesty and			
	accuracy			
	Education for a Connected World			
	links			
	Managing online information			

	- I can analyse information to make a
	judgement about probable accuracy,
	and I understand why it is important
	to make my own decisions regarding
	content and that my decisions are
1	respected by others.
1	- I can explain what is meant by fake
	news, e.g. why some people will
	create stories or alter photographs
	and put them online to pretend
	something is true when it isn't.
	- I can describe ways of identifying
	when online content has been
	commercially sponsored or boosted,
	(e.g. by commercial companies or by
	vloggers, content creators, or
	influencers).
	- I can describe how fake news may
	affect someone's emotions and
	behaviour, and explain why this may
	be harmful.

<u>Year 5</u>

Term/Unit	Advent 1	Advent 2	<u>Lent 1 / 2</u>	Pentecost 1	Pentecost 2
	Computer systems and	Creating media - Vector	Data and information – Flat-file databases	Programming A –	<u>Programming B –</u>
	<u>networks – sharing</u>	drawing (NCCE)	<u>(NCCE)</u>	selection in physical	selection in quizzes
	information (NCCE)			computing (NCCE)	<u>(NCCE)</u>
Lesson 1	To explain that	To identify that drawing	To use a form to record information	To control a simple circuit	To explain how
objectives	computers can be	tools can be used to		connected to a computer	selection is used in
	connected together to	produce different	- I can create a database using cards		computer programs
	form systems	outcomes			

	 I can explain that systems are built using a number of parts I can describe the input, process, and output of a digital system I can explain that computer systems communicate with other devices 	 I can recognise that vector drawings are made using shapes I can experiment with the shape and line tools I can discuss how vector drawings are different from paper-based drawings 	- I can explain how information can be recorded - I can order, sort, and group my data cards	 I can create a simple circuit and connect it to a microcontroller I can program a microcontroller to make an LED switch on I can explain what an infinite loop does 	 I can recall how conditions are used in selection I can identify conditions in a program I can modify a condition in a program
Lesson 2 objectives	To recognise the role of computer systems in our lives - I can identify tasks that are managed by computer systems - I can identify the human elements of a computer system - I can explain the benefits of a given computer system	To create a vector drawing by combining shapes - I can identify the shapes used to make a vector drawing - I can explain that each element added to a vector drawing is an object - I can move, resize, and rotate objects I have duplicated	To compare paper and computer-based databases - I can explain what a field and a record is in a database - I can navigate a flat-file database to compare different views of information - I can choose which field to sort data by to answer a given question	To write a program that includes count-controlled loops - I can connect more than one output component to a microcontroller - I can use a count- controlled loop to control outputs - I can design sequences that use count-controlled loops	To relate that a conditional statement connects a condition to an outcome - I can use selection in an infinite loop to check a condition - I can identify the condition and outcomes in an 'if then else' statement - I can create a program that uses selection to produce different outcomes
Lesson 3 objectives	To identify how to use a search engine - I can make use of a web search to find specific information	To use tools to achieve a desired effect - I can use the zoom tool to help me add detail to my drawings	To outline how you can answer questions by grouping and then sorting data - I can explain that data can be grouped using chosen values - I can group information using a	To explain that a loop can stop when a condition is met	To explain how selection directs the flow of a program - I can explain that program flow can

	 I can refine my web search I can compare results from different search engines 	 I can explain how alignment grids and resize handles can be used to improve consistency I can modify objects to create a new image 	database - I can combine grouping and sorting to answer specific questions	 I can explain that a condition is either true or false I can design a conditional loop I can program a microcontroller to respond to an input 	branch according to a condition - I can design the flow of a program that contains 'if then else' - I can show that a condition can direct program flow in one of two ways
Lesson 4 objectives	To describe how search engines select results - I can explain why we need tools to find things online - I can recognise the role of web crawlers in creating an index - I can relate a search term to the search engine's index	To recognise that vector drawings consist of layers - I can identify that each added object creates a new layer in the drawing - I can change the order of layers in a vector drawing - I can use layering to create an image	To explain that tools can be used to select specific data - I can choose which field and value are required to answer a given question - I can outline how 'AND' and 'OR' can be used to refine data selection - I can choose multiple criteria to answer a given question	To explain that a loop can be used to repeatedly check whether a condition has been met - I can explain that a condition being met can start an action - I can identify a condition and an action in my project - I can use selection (an 'ifthen' statement) to direct the flow of a program	To design a program that uses selection - I can outline a given task - I can use a design format to outline my project - I can identify the outcome of user input in an algorithm
Lesson 5 objectives	To explain how search results are ranked - I can order a list by rank - I can explain that a search engine follows rules to rank results	To group objects to make them easier to work with - I can copy part of a drawing by duplicating several objects	To explain that computer programs can be used to compare data visually - I can select an appropriate chart to visually compare data - I can refine a chart by selecting a particular filter - I can explain the benefits of using a computer to create charts	To design a physical project that includes selection - I can identify a real- world example of a condition starting an action	To create a program that uses selection - I can implement my algorithm to create the first section of my program - I can test my program

	- I can give examples of criteria used by search engines to rank results	 I can recognise when I need to group and ungroup objects I can reuse a group of objects to further develop my vector drawing 		 I can describe what my project will do I can create a detailed drawing of my project 	- I can share my program with others
Lesson 6 objectives	To recognise why the order of results is important, and to whom - I can describe some of the ways that search results can be influenced - I can recognise some of the limitations of search engines - I can explain how search engines make money	To apply what I have learned about vector drawings - I can create a vector drawing for a specific purpose - I can reflect on the skills I have used and why I have used them - I can compare vector drawings to freehand paint drawings	To use a real-world database to answer question s - I can ask questions that will need more than one field to answer - I can refine a search in a real-world context - I can present my findings to a group	To create a program that controls a physical computing project - I can write an algorithm that describes what my model will do - I can use selection to produce an intended outcome - I can test and debug my project	To evaluate my program - I can identify ways the program could be improved - I can identify the setup code I need in my program - I can extend my program further
<u>Progression</u>	This unit progresses learners' knowledge and understanding of computing systems.	This unit progresses learners' knowledge and understanding of digital painting and has some links to the Year 3 'Creating media – Desktop publishing' unit, in which learners used digital images. In this Year 5 unit, learners create images that could be used in	This unit progresses learners' knowledge and understanding of why and how information might be stored in a database, and looks at how tools within a database can help us to answer questions about our data. It moves on to demonstrate how a database can help us display data visually, and how real-life databases can be used to help us solve problems. Finally, the learners create a presentation showing understanding and	This unit assumes that learners will have prior experience of programming using a block-based language (eg Scratch) and understand the concepts of sequence and repetition. The National Centre for Computing Education key stage 1 units focus on floor robots and	This unit assumes that learners will have prior experience of programming using block-based construction (e.g. Scratch), understand the concepts of 'sequence' and 'repetition', and have some experience of using 'selection'.

		desktop publishing documents.	application of all the tools used within the unit.	ScratchJr, however, experience of other languages or environments may also be useful.	Ideally, learners will have completed 'Programming A – Selection in physical computing' before undertaking this unit, as this will provide them with the required knowledge of 'selection'.
links	National curriculum links - Understand computer networks, including the internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the World Wide Web, and the opportunities they offer for communication and collaboration - Use search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital content <u>Education for a</u> <u>Connected World links</u> - I am aware that a person's online activity,	National curriculum links - Select, use, and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems, and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating, and presenting data and information.	National curriculum links - Use search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital content - Select, use, and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems, and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating, and presenting data and information	Computing - Design, write, and debug programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts - Use sequence, selection, and repetition in programs; work with variables and various forms of input and output - Use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs - Select, use, and combine a variety of software	Computing - Design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts - use sequence, selection, and repetition in programs; work with variables and various forms of input and output - use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in

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history or profile (their	(including internet	algorithms and
'digital personality') will	services) on a range of	programs
affect the type of	digital devices to design	- select, use and
information returned to	and create a range of	combine a variety of
them in a search or on a	programs, systems, and	software (including
social media feed, and	content that accomplish	internet services) on a
how this may be	given goals, including	range of digital devices
intended to influence	collecting, analysing,	to design and create a
their beliefs, actions and	evaluating, and	range of programs,
choices.	presenting data and	systems and content
- I can explain how	information	that accomplish given
search engine rankings		goals, including
are returned and can	Science – Electricity (Year	collecting, analysing,
explain how they can be	<u>4)</u>	evaluating and
influenced (e.g.	- Construct a simple series	presenting data and
commerce, sponsored	electrical circuit,	information
results)	identifying and naming its	
	basic parts, including	
	cells, wires, bulbs,	
	switches, and buzzers	
	Design and Technology	
	(Key stage 2) Design	
	- Generate, develop,	
	model, and communicate	
	their ideas through	
	discussion, annotated	
	sketches, cross-sectional	
	and exploded diagrams,	
	prototypes, pattern	

pieces, and computer-
aided design
Make
- Select from and use a
wider range of tools and
equipment to perform
practical tasks [for
example, cutting, shaping,
joining, and finishing],
accurately
- Select from and use a
wider range of materials
and components,
including construction
materials, textiles, and
ingredients, according to
their functional
properties and aesthetic
qualities
Evaluate
- Evaluate their ideas and
products against their
own design criteria and
consider the views of
others to improve their
work
Technical knowledge
- Understand and use
electrical systems in their
products [for example,
series circuits
incorporating switches,

		bulbs, buzzers, and	
		motors]	
		- Apply their	
		understanding of	
		computing to program,	
		monitor, and control their	
		products	

<u>Year 6</u>

Term/Unit	<u>Advent 1 / 2</u> <u>Computer systems and networks –</u> <u>communication / Creating media – Web page</u> <u>creation (NCCE)</u>	Lent 1 Data and information – Spreadsheets (NCCE)	<u>Lent 2</u> <u>Programming A –</u> <u>Variables in games</u> <u>(NCCE)</u>	Pentecost 1 / 2 Programming B – Sensing (NCCE)
Lesson 1 objectives	To explain the importance of internet addresses - I can recognise that data is transferred using agreed methods - I can explain that internet devices have addresses - I can describe how computers use addresses to access websites To recognise how data is transferred across the internet - I can identify and explain the main parts of a data packet - I can explain that data is transferred over networks in packets - I can explain that all data transferred over the internet is in packets	To create a data set in a spreadsheet - I can collect data - I can suggest how to structure my data - I can enter data into a spreadsheet	To define a 'variable' as something that is changeable - I can identify examples of information that is variable - I can explain that the way a variable changes can be defined - I can identify that variables can hold numbers or letters	To create a program to run on a controllable device - I can apply my knowledge of programming to a new environment - I can test my program on an emulator - I can transfer my program to a controllable device

Lesson 2	To explain how sharing information online can	To build a data set in a	To explain why a	To explain that selection can control the flow
objectives	help people to work together	spreadsheet	variable is used in a	of a program
			program	
	- I can recognise how to access shared files stored	- I can explain what an		- I can identify examples of conditions in the
	online	item of data is	- I can identify a	real world
	- I can send information over the internet in	- I can choose an	program variable as a	- I can use a variable in an if, then, else
	different ways	appropriate format for	placeholder in memory	statement to select the flow of a program
	- I can explain that the internet allows different	a cell	for a single value	- I can determine the flow of a program using
	media to be shared	- I can apply an	- I can explain that a	selection
		appropriate format to a	variable has a name	
	To evaluate different ways of working together	cell	and a value	
	online - I can identify different ways of working together		- I can recognise that	
	online		the value of a variable	
			can be changed	
	- I can recognise that working together on the			
	internet can be public or private			
	- I can explain how the internet enables effective			
Lesson 3	collaboration To recognise how we communicate using	To explain that formulas	To choose how to	To update a variable with a user input
objectives	technology	can be used to produce	improve a game by	To update a valiable with a user input
00000000		calculated data	using variables	- I can use a condition to change a variable
	- I can explain the different ways in which people			- I can experiment with different physical
	communicate	- I can explain which	- I can decide where in	inputs
	- I can identify that there are a variety of ways to	data types can be used	a program to change a	' - I can explain that checking a variable doesn't
	communicate over the internet	in calculations	variable	change its value
	- I can choose methods of communication to suit	- I can construct a	- I can make use of an	
	particular purposes	formula in a	event in a program to	
		spreadsheet	set a variable	
	To evaluate different methods of online	- I can identify that	- I can recognise that	
	communication	changing inputs	the value of a variable	
	Lean compare different methods of	changes outputs	can be used by a	
	- I can compare different methods of		program	
	communicating on the internet			

	- I can decide when I should and should not share			
	information online			
	- I can explain that communication on the internet			
	may not be private			
Lesson 4 objectives	To review an existing website and consider its structure	To apply formulas to data	To design a project that builds on a given example	To use an conditional statement to compare a variable to a value
	 I can explore a website I can discuss the different types of media used on websites I know that websites are written in HTML To plan the features of a web page I can recognise the common features of a web page I can suggest media to include on my page I can draw a web page layout that suits my purpose 	 I can calculate data using different operations I can create a formula which includes a range of cells I can apply a formula to multiple cells by duplicating it 	 I can choose the artwork for my project I can create algorithms for my project I can explain my design choices 	 I can use an operand (e.g. <>=) in an if, then statement I can explain the importance of the order of conditions in else, if statements I can modify a program to achieve a different outcome
<u>Lesson 5</u> objectives	To consider the ownership and use of images (copyright)	To create a spreadsheet to plan an event	To use my design to create a project	To design a project that uses inputs and outputs on a controllable device
	 I can say why I should use copyright-free images I can find copyright-free images I can describe what is meant by the term 'fair use', To recognise the need to preview pages I can add content to my own web page I can preview what my web page looks like I can evaluate what my web page looks like on different devices and suggest/make edits. 	 I can use a spreadsheet to answer questions I can explain why data should be organised I can apply a formula to calculate the data I need to answer questions 	 I can create the artwork for my project I can choose a name that identifies the role of a variable I can test the code that I have written 	 I can decide what variables to include in a project I can design the algorithm for my project I can design the program flow for my project

Lesson 6 objectives	 To outline the need for a navigation path I can explain what a navigation path is I can describe why navigation paths are useful I can make multiple web pages and link them using hyperlinks To recognise the implications of linking to content owned by other people I can explain the implication of linking to content owned by others I can create hyperlinks to link to other people's 	To choose suitable ways to present data - I can produce a chart - I can use a chart to show the answer to a question - I can suggest when to use a table or chart	To evaluate my project - I can identify ways that my game could be improved - I can use variables to extend my game - I can share my game with others	To develop a program to use inputs and outputs on a controllable device - I can create a program based on my design - I can test my program against my design -I can use a range of approaches to find and fix bugs
<u>Progression</u>	 That the leade hyperlinks to hink to other people's work I can evaluate the user experience of a website This unit progresses students' knowledge and understanding of networks in Year 3. In Year 5, they will continue to develop their knowledge and understanding of computing systems and online collaborative working. This unit progresses students' knowledge and understanding of the following: digital writing, digital painting, desktop publishing, digital photography, photo editing, and vector drawing. 	This unit progresses students' knowledge and understanding of data, and teaches them how to organise and modify data within spreadsheets. Specifically, learners will have experienced data in tables and charts in the Y4 data logging and Y5 branching database units.	This unit assumes that learners have some prior experience of programming in Scratch. Specifically, they should be familiar with the programming constructs of sequence, repetition, and selection. These constructs are covered in the Year 3, 4, and 5 National Centre for Computing Education programming units respectively. Each year group includes at least one unit that focuses on Scratch.	This unit presumes that pupils are already confident in their understanding of sequence, repetition and selection independently within programming. If pupils are not yet ready for this, you may wish to revisit earlier programming units where these constructs are introduced.

Curriculum	National curriculum links	National curriculum	National curriculum	National curriculum links
<u>links</u>		links	<u>links</u>	
	Computing			- Design, write, and debug programs that
	- Understand computer networks including the	- Select, use, and	- Design, write and	accomplish specific goals, including
	internet; how they can provide multiple services,	combine a variety of	debug programs that	controlling or simulating physical systems;
	such as the World Wide Web, and the	software (including	accomplish specific	solve problems by decomposing them into
	opportunities they offer for communication and	internet services) on a	goals, including	smaller parts
	collaboration	range of digital devices	controlling or	- Use sequence, selection, and repetition in
	- Use search technologies effectively, appreciate	to design and create a	simulating physical	programs; work with variables and various
	how results are selected and ranked, and be	range of programs,	systems; solve	forms of input and output
	discerning in evaluating digital content	systems, and content	problems by	- Use logical reasoning to explain how some
	- Select, use, and combine a variety of software	that accomplish given	decomposing them into	simple algorithms work and to detect and
	(including internet services) on a range of digital	goals, including	smaller parts	correct errors in algorithms and programs
	devices to design and create a range of programs,	collecting, analysing,	- Use sequence,	- Select, use and combine a variety of
	systems, and content that accomplish given goals,	evaluating, and	selection, and	software (including internet services) on a
	including collecting, analysing, evaluating, and	presenting data and	repetition in programs;	range of digital devices to design and create a
	presenting data and information	information	work with variables and	range of programs, systems and content that
	- Use technology safely, respectfully, and		various forms of input	accomplish given goals, including collecting,
	responsibly; recognise acceptable/unacceptable	National curriculum	and output	analysing, evaluating and presenting data and
	behaviour; identify a range of ways to report	<u>maths links</u>	- Use logical reasoning	information
	concerns about content and contact.	No	to explain how some	
		Number – addition, subtraction,	simple algorithms work	
	PSHE (Lesson 6)	multiplication, and	and to detect and	
	- Evaluating content for honesty and accuracy	division:	correct errors in	
		- Solve problems	algorithms and	
	Education for a Connected World links	involving addition,	programs	
	Managing online information	subtraction,	- Select, use and	
	- I can analyse information to make a judgement	multiplication, and	combine a variety of	
	about probable accuracy, and I understand why it	division	software (including	
	is important to make my own decisions regarding		internet services) on a	
	content and that my decisions are respected by	Statistics:	range of digital devices	
	others.		to design and create a	

- I can explain what is meant by fake news, e.g.	- Interpret and	range of programs,	
why some people will create stories or alter	construct pie charts and	systems and content	
photographs and put them online to pretend	line graphs, and use	that accomplish given	
something is true when it isn't.	these to solve problems	goals, including	
- I can describe ways of identifying when online	- Calculate and interpret	collecting, analysing,	
content has been commercially sponsored or	the mean as an average	evaluating and	
boosted, (e.g. by commercial companies or by		presenting data and	
vloggers, content creators, or influencers).	Education for a	information	
- I can describe how fake news may affect	Connected World links		
someone's emotions and behaviour, and explain			
why this may be harmful.	Managing information		
	online		
	- I can describe how I		
	can search for		
	information within a		
	wide group of		
	technologies (e.g. social		
	media, image sites,		
	video sites)		
	- I can use different		
	search technologies		
	- I can evaluate digital		
	content and can explain		
	how I make choices		
	from search results		

National curriculum links		
- Use search technologies effectively, appreciate		
how results are selected and ranked, and be		
discerning in evaluating digital content		
- Select, use, and combine a variety of software		
(including internet services) on a range of digital		
devices to design and create a range of programs,		
systems, and content that accomplish given goals,		
including collecting, analysing, evaluating, and		
presenting data and information.		
 use technology safely, respectfully, and 		
responsibly; recognise acceptable/unacceptable		
behaviour.		
English links		
- Writing composition: Identifying the audience for		
and purpose of the writing, selecting the		
appropriate form, and using other similar writing		
as models for their own.		
Education for a Connected World links		
Online relationships		
Online relationships		
- I can use the internet with adult support to		
communicate with people I know. (EY-7)		
Managing information online		
- I can navigate online content, websites, or social		
media feeds using more sophisticated tools to get		
to the information I want (e.g. menus, sitemaps,		
breadcrumb-trails, site search functions). (11-14)		
Copyright and ownership		

 I can explain why copying someone else's work 		
from the internet without permission can cause		
problems.		
- I can give examples of what those problems		
might be.		
- When searching on the internet for content to		
use, I can explain why I need to consider who		
owns it and whether I have the right to reuse it.		
- I can give some simple examples.		
- I can assess and justify when it is acceptable to		
use the work of others.		
- I can give examples of content that is permitted		
to be reused.		
- I can demonstrate the use of search tools to find		
and access online content which can be reused by		
others.		
- I can demonstrate how to make references to		
and acknowledge sources I have used from the		
internet.		
- I can explain the principles of fair use and apply		
this to case studies. (11-14)		